Geoscience in Your State: Utah
By the numbers: Utah

- 4,224 geoscience employees (excludes self-employed)
- 1.15 billion gallons/day: total groundwater withdrawal
- $2.61 billion: value of nonfuel mineral production in 2017
- 31 total disaster declarations, including 18 fire, 8 flood, and 2 severe storm disasters (1953-2017)
- $9.02 million: NSF GEO grants awarded in 2017

Read more in this Geoscience in Your State Factsheet...

Agencies Working on Geoscience Issues in Utah

**Utah Department of Environmental Quality**
https://deq.utah.gov/
DEQ's mission is, "Safeguarding and improving Utah’s air, land and water through balanced regulation." We implement State and federal environmental laws and work with individuals, community groups, and businesses to protect the quality of our air, land and water.

**Utah Division of Oil, Gas and Mining**
https://oilgas.ogm.utah.gov/oilgasweb/
The mission of the Utah Division of Oil, Gas and Mining is to regulate the exploration and development of coal, oil and gas, and other minerals in a manner which encourages responsible reclamation and development; protects correlative rights; prevents waste; and protects human health and safety, the environment, and the interests of the state and its citizens.

**Utah Geological Survey**
https://geology.utah.gov/
The Utah Geological Survey provides timely scientific information about Utah's geologic environment, resources and hazards.

Maps & Visualizations

Interactive database for geologic maps of the United States
U.S. Geological Survey

The U.S. Geological Survey hosts the National Geologic Map Database (NGMDB). This interactive tool serves as a national archive for high-quality, standardized geologic maps created by the U.S. Geological Survey and state geological surveys. The MapView section of the NGMDB displays geologic maps...

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**Case Studies & Factsheets**

Dry well usage across the United States

Introduction Dry wells improve stormwater drainage and aquifer recharge by providing a fast, direct route for rainwater to drain
deep into underlying sediment and rock. Dry wells are most common in the western U.S. where clay or caliche layers slow down the natural drainage of water into underlying...

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Webinars & Forums

2014 Critical Issues Forum: America's Increasing Reliance on Natural Gas: Benefits and Risks of a Methane Economy

The 2014 Critical Issues Forum, entitled "America’s Increasing Reliance on Natural Gas: Benefits and Risks of a Methane Economy", examined the 5- to 30-year outlook for the development of a natural gas-dominant energy sector in North America and discussed the associated benefits and risks.

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