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Re-visiting the Globigerinoides ruber $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ salinity temperature relationship in the Indian Ocean

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The application of δ^{18} Oruber to reconstruct past hydrological changes requires precise understanding of the relationship between seawater temperature, salinity, pH, carbonate ion concentration and δ^{18} Oruber. Here we assess the δ^{18} Oruber-seawater salinity-temperature relationship and effect of digenesis on this relationship in the northern Indian Ocean based on core-top samples. The samples were collected from two salinity end member regions in the path of seasonal coastal currents, in the northern Indian Ocean. The δ^{18} Oruber analyzed as part of this work were augmented with previous core-top δ^{18} O measurements in the northern Indian Ocean. A total of ~325 surface sediment data points (97 from this work and 228 from previous work) are used to understand factors that affect δ^{18} Oruber in the Indian Ocean. In order to understand the digenetic effect, the core-top δ^{18} Oruber values were also compared with the previously published plankton tow δ^{18} Oruber values from the Indian Ocean (Duplessy et al., 1981; Kroon and Ganssen, 1989; Ganssen and Kroon, 1991; Peeters et al., 2002), as well as the expected δ^{18} O calculated from the modern seawater parameters (SST, SSS, δ^{18} Osw). We report that salinity exerts the major control on δ^{18} Oruber (R = 0.85), than temperature (R = 0.53). The δ^{18} Osw estimated from the core-top δ^{18} Oruber suggests 0.24% change per salinity unit which is close to previous reports but different than 0.17% increase in δ^{18} Osw per unit increase in salinity as estimated from ambient seawater parameters. The relationship between temperature and δ^{18} Oruber - δ^{18} Osw in the northern Indian Ocean [T= -1.23(δ^{18} Oruber - δ^{18} Osw) + 24.36] is different than reported by Mulitza et al (2003) based on the global compilation of plankton tow δ^{18} Oruber data. A distinct difference is observed in core-top and plankton tow δ^{18} Oruber-salinity-temperature relationship, suggesting differential digenetic alteration of δ^{18} Oruber.

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