Water & Negotiations in the West: Engaging Stakeholders

AGI Critical Issue Forum October 28, 2016



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Outline

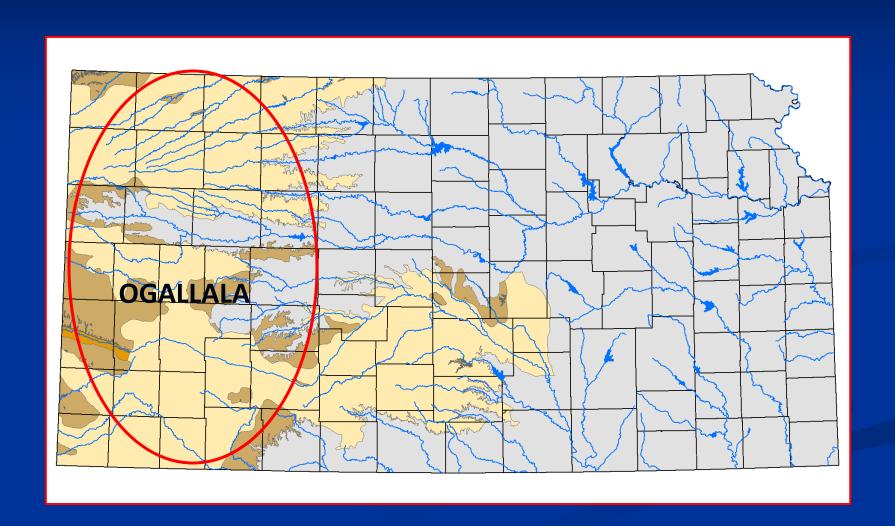
Negotiation on Groundwater Conservation

- a state position

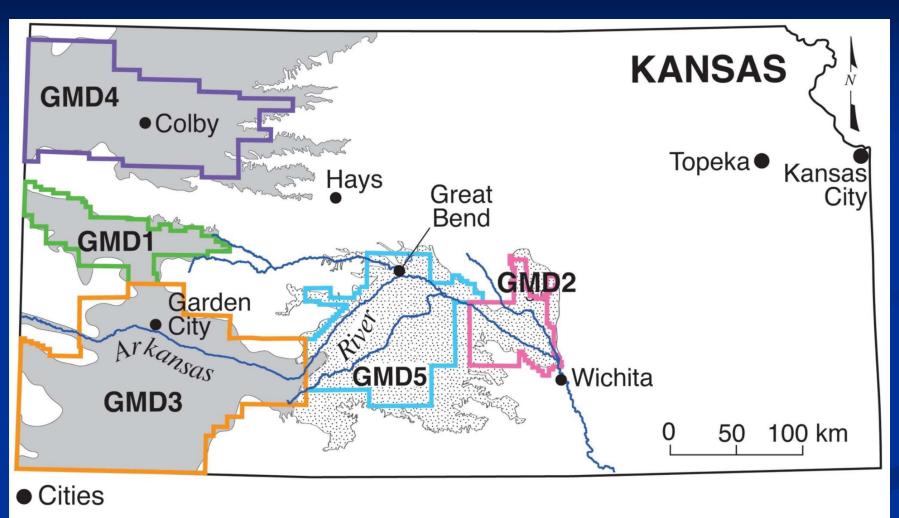
Stakeholder engagement and management development

Challenges Ahead

Ogallala - High Plains Aquifer



Groundwater Management Districts



High Plains aquifer

Ogallala Formation Associated late Tertiary & Quaternary units

Negotiation Position

State Water Law

Kansas Prior Appropriation

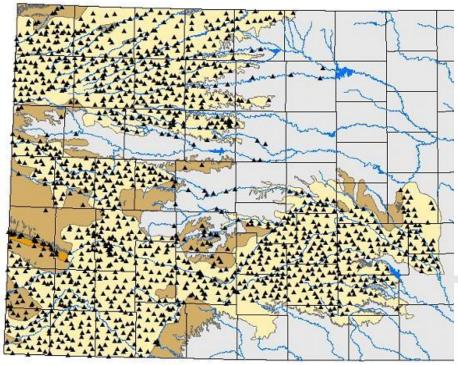
Colorado Modified Prior Appropriation

Texas Rule of Capture

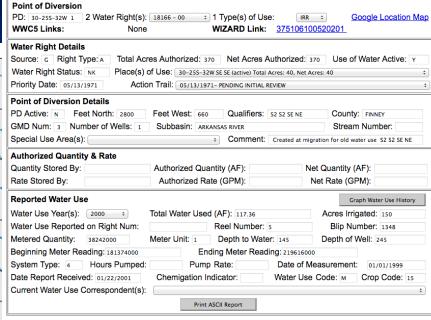
Top Down Change is a Challenge

Engage Stakeholders and Develop Solutions

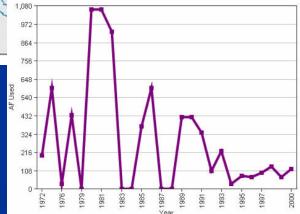
#1. Data on aquifer



Kansas Ground Water online information



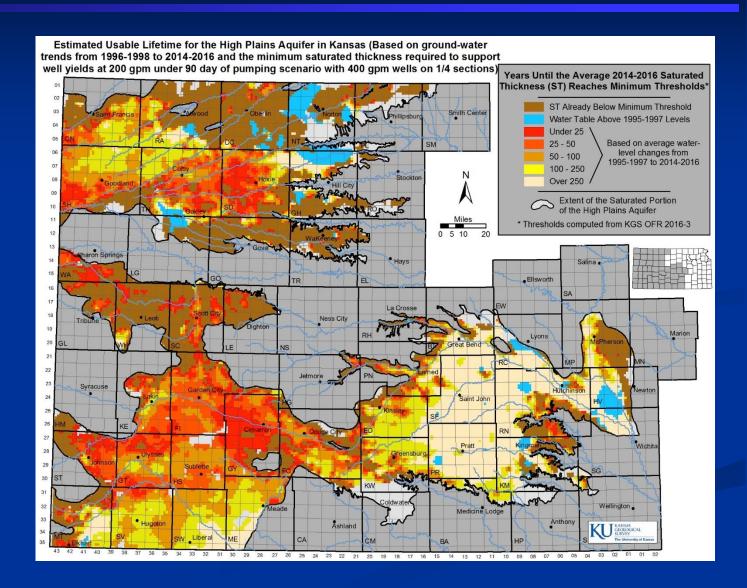
Reported Water Use History for Water Right 18166 - 00, Pd 30-25S-32W 1 and Use IRR



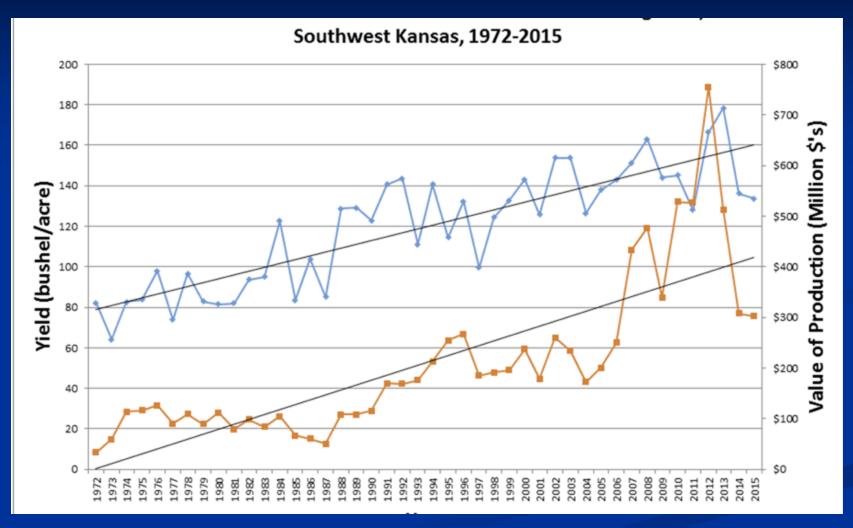
Year	AF Used	1988 0.00
1972	198.86	1989 424.24
1975	596.59	1990 424.24
1976	30.38	1991 332.91
1978	437.50	1992 106.06
1979	0.00	1993 225.38
1980	1060.61	1994 31.60
1981	1060.61	1995 77.10
1982	928.03	1996 71.22
1983	0.00	1997 97.91
1984	0.00	1998 133.17
1985	371.21	1999 71.30
1986	596.59	2000 117.36
1987	0.00	

Communicate Aquifer Conditions in Common Terms

Estimated
Usable
Lifetime
Map



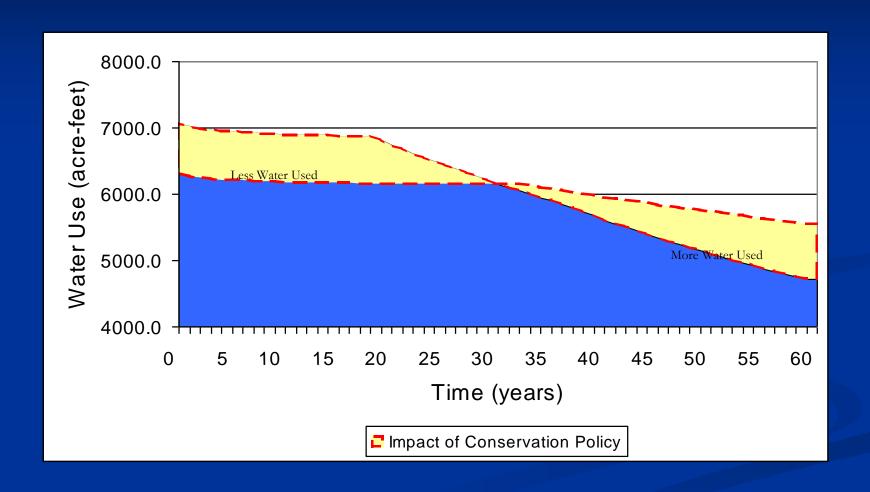
Data on Economics of Water Use



Irrigated over Dryland Corn in Southwest Kansas

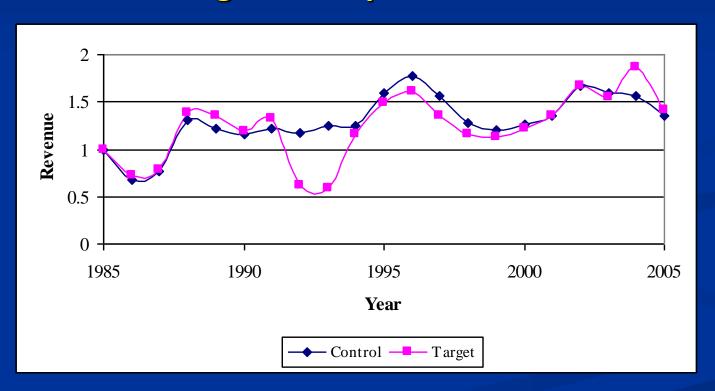
J. Roe, Ks Dept of Ag,2016

Conserve and Extend

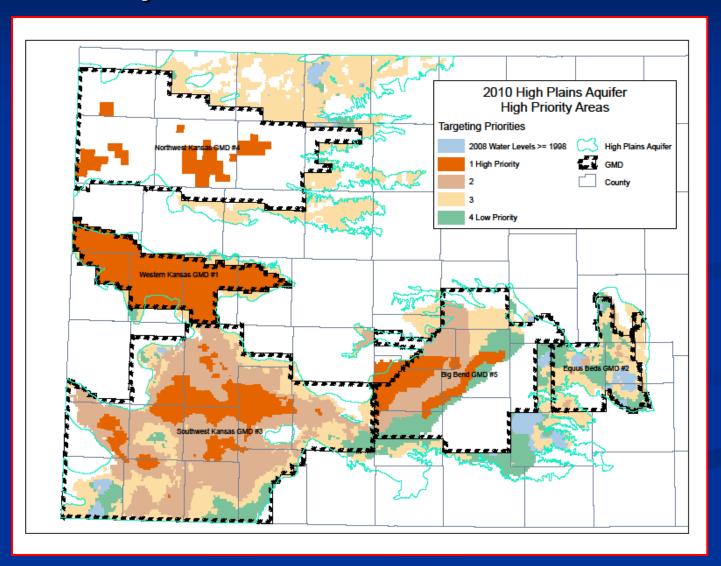


Economic Impact Studies

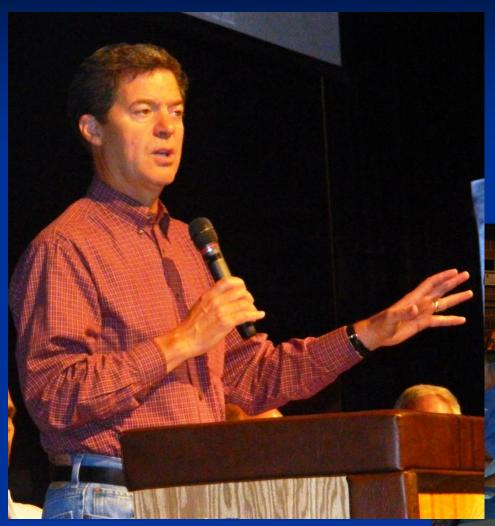
Walnut Creek Mandatory Water Use Reduction Irrigated Crop Revenue



#2. Identify Stakeholders — and build trust Priority areas in Kansas Water Plan



#3. Leadership



Top Leadership Defines its Importance

Governor Brownback



Garden City, KS

Local Leadership Improves Success Build Local Leadership



Local Leaders – Often Family Farmers



Industry Leaders

Public meeting in Leoti, KS

Meetings... and Outreach beyond Meetings

Meetings:

- Outcomes
- Tie in with other meetings
- Clear messages
- Locals may meet w/o agencies



Field demonstrations



Outreach beyond Meetings

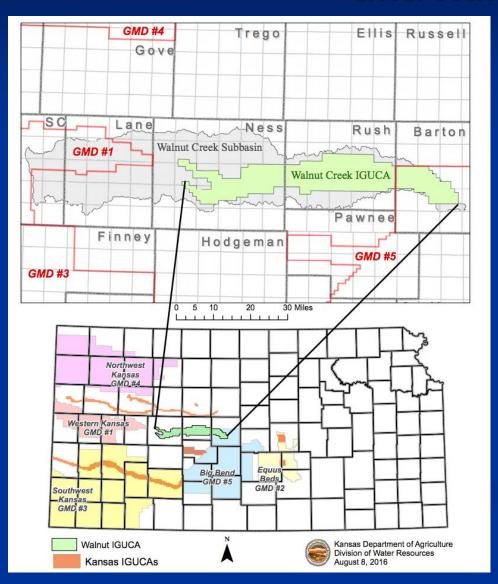


Meet with State Legislators and other policy leaders

Kansas Field Conference Western Central Kansas, August 2016



#4. Aquifer Conservation Programs, Boundaries and Rules

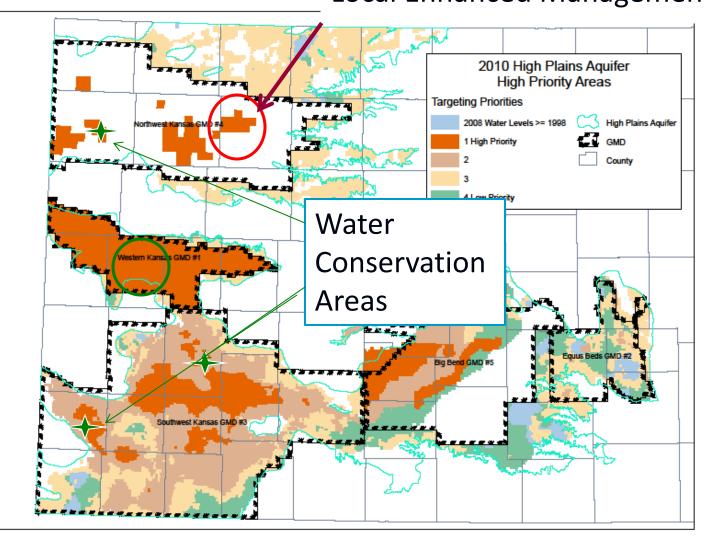


Intensive
Groundwater Use
Control Area
(IGUCA)

Tools beyond just Prior Appropriation

Program Development

Local Enhanced Management Area (LEMA)



#5 Nested Institutional Support

* Stakeholders

* Groundwater Management/Conservation Districts

* State Agencies: administer, enforce, monitor

* Federal Agencies

USDA cost share programs, crop insurance

USGS aquifer conditions

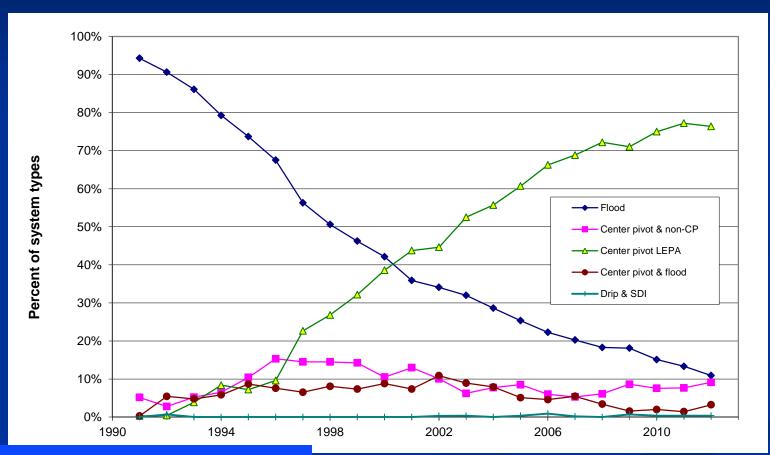
Challenges Ahead

- Desire to Change depends on
 - Individual Situations
 - Well Conditions, Aquifer Conditions

Technology – maybe help conserve, maybe not

Efficiency gains may not result in Water Conservation

Trend in Irrigation Systems – western central Kansas



Irrigation produces more crop, but historically <u>hasn't reduced</u> total water consumed.

Kearny & Wichita Counties, Wilson et al, KGS 2015

Highly Efficient Technologies



Will irrigation efficiency gains be used to conserve "wet" water?

Photo: Kansas Historical Museum

Mobile Drip Irrigation, Finney County,

Stakeholder Supported Groundwater Management Programs

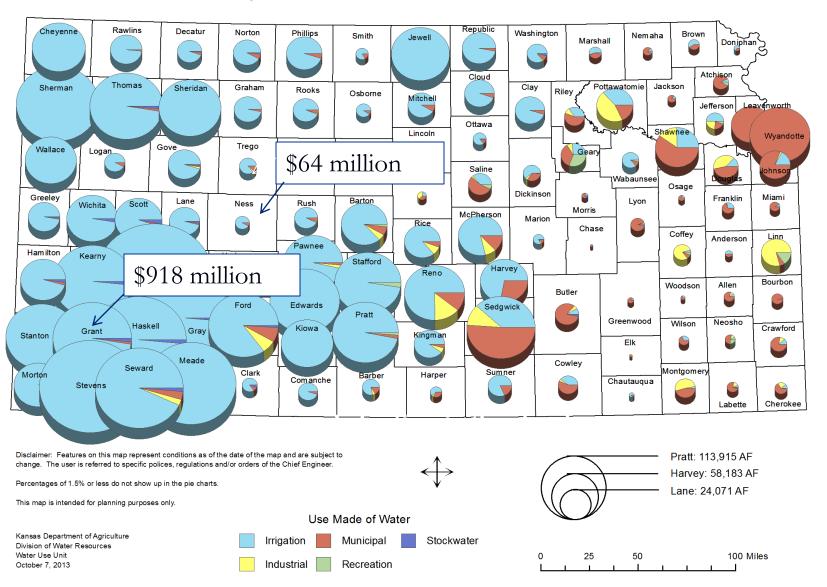
- Aquifer and Economic Data
 - Reliable, accessible, and communicated
 - **Vision** of farming profitably that also extends aquifer use
- Stakeholders identify, build trust
- Leadership High Level for importance, Local Leaders for specific program solutions
- Programs, Boundaries and Clear Rules
 - Allow adjustments to programs or create new ones
 - Enforce rules
- Nested Institutional Support

Thank You



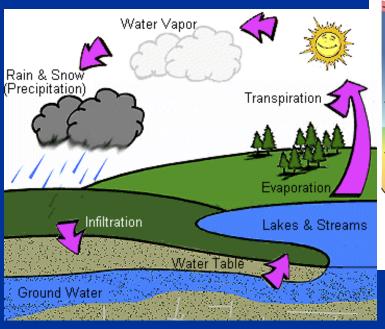
Data on Economics of Water Use

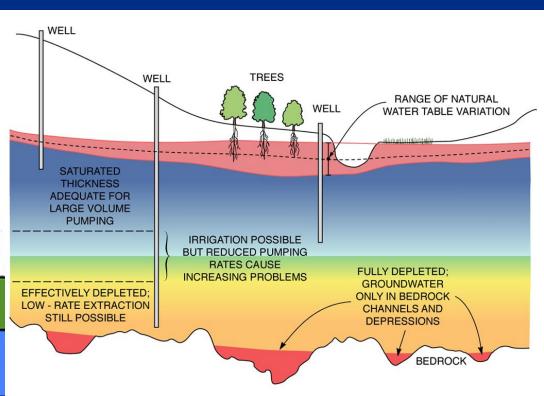
2012 Reported Water Use for Kansas Counties



Communicate an accurate mental model of aquifer

Not an underground river or lake.





Major concern: will my conserving only benefit other users?