

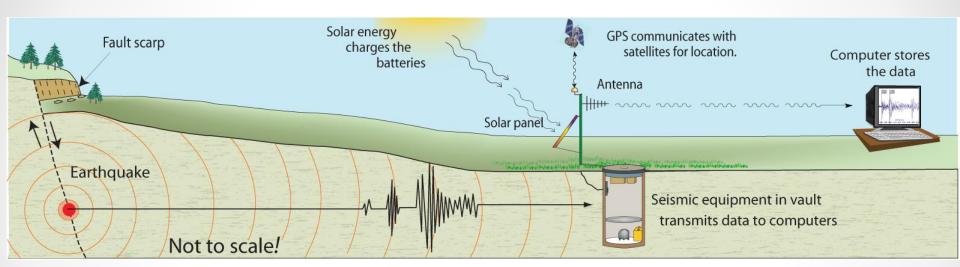
The Use of Seismological Data in Research and Hazard Applications

Katrin Hafner IRIS GSN Program Manager July 25, 2016

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Typical Seismic Station





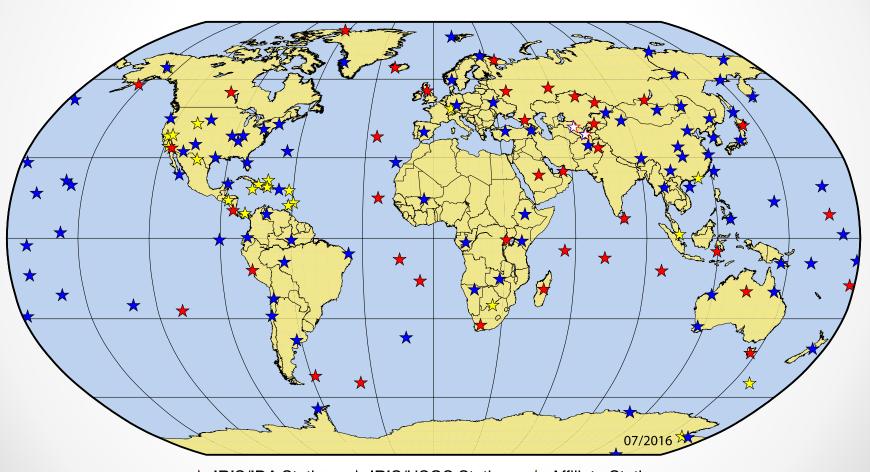








Global Seismographic Network (GSN)

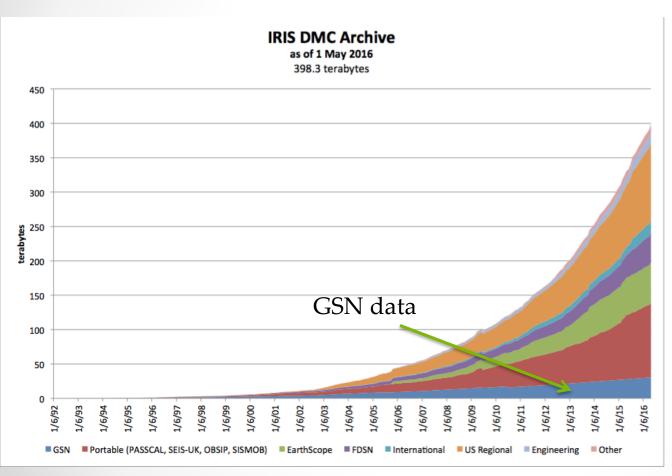


★ IRIS/IDA Stations ★ IRIS/USGS Stations ★ Affiliate Stations ☆ Planned Stations





IRIS Data Archive



Archives data from over 1000 seismic networks

Size of data archive: 400 Tb and growing exponentially

DMC receives ~192 Gb of realtime data/day

1992 2016



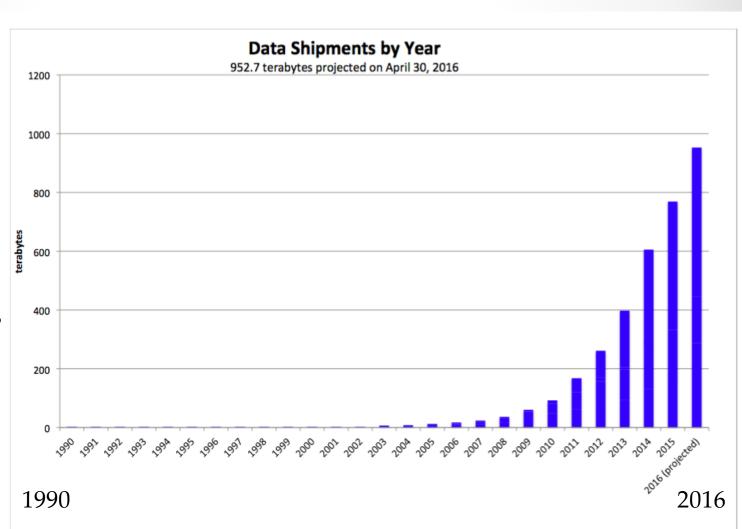


IRIS Data Distribution

In 2016, DMC expects to distribute ~1 Pb (1000 Tb) of data to users

DMC distributes data to over 19,000 unique users in 173 countries around the world

All data are free and openly available







GSN Partnerships

- GSN is a partnership NSF, USGS & IRIS
 - Other US government contributions have bolstered support and reinvestment in the GSN for its multi-use capabilities Dept of Defense Dept of Energy Dept of State
- Host country partnerships
 - MOUs between foreign governments, private entities & universities
 - Long-standing relationships between network operators and local personnel
- National Organizations
 - NOAA Tsunami Warning Centers & NEIC, assist with data flow & delivery



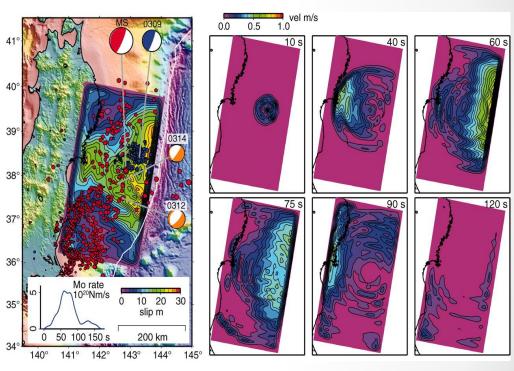


Global Earth Structure

French & Romanowicz Nature 2015

Three-dimensional shear-wave-velocity Structure in the Pacific Region

Understanding Great Earthquakes

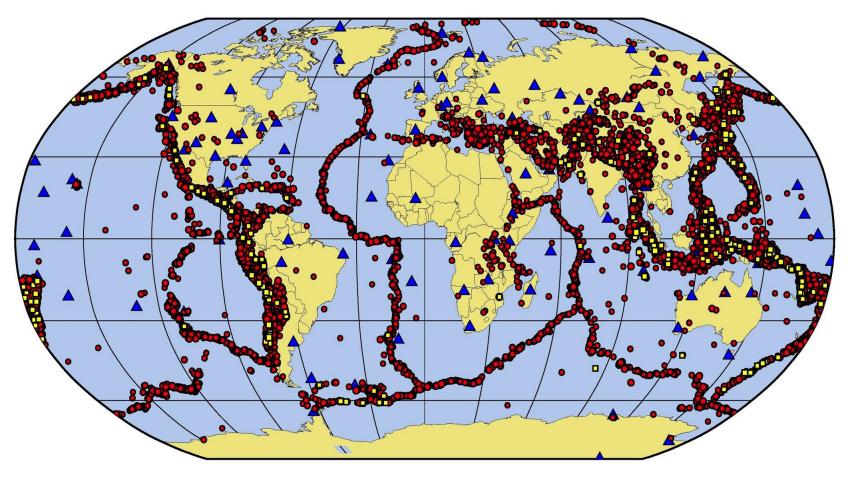


Ide, Baltay & Beroza - Science 2011

Slip Distribution Images for 2011 M9.0 Tohoku-Oki Earthquake



Global Earthquake Monitoring 2008-2016



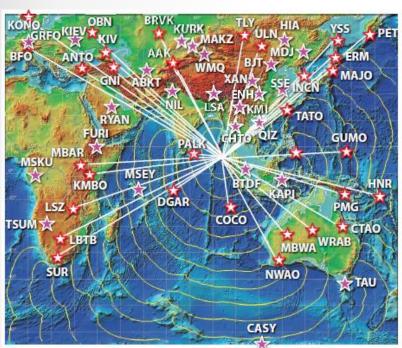
Large earthquakes (circles) recorded by the GSN stations (black – magnitude 5-5.9; red-magnitude 6.0 – 6.9; yellow magnitude 7+

Triangles are the GSN stations





Other Monitoring Applications

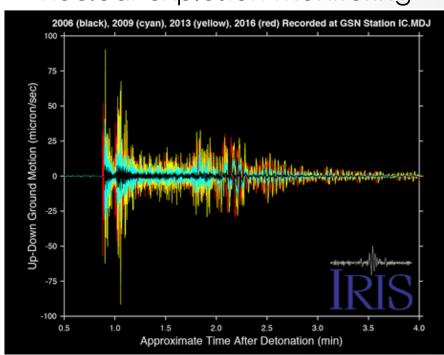


GSN stations used in real-time Tsunami Warning for the Magnitude 9.1 Sumatra-Andaman Earthquake.

Tsunami warning ~100 GSN stations are used for real-time analyses by the NTWC; coverage in oceans and international areas is key – sparse coverage by other networks

Verification seismology (CTBTO)

♦~50 auxiliary seismic stations are contributed by GSN to nuclear explosion monitoring

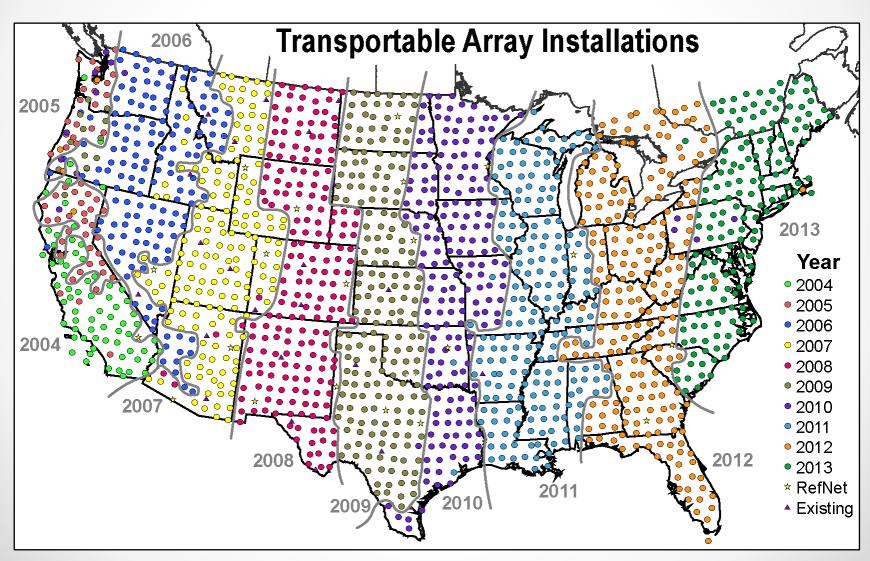


Seismograms of Korean nuclear explosions recorded on GSN station MDI





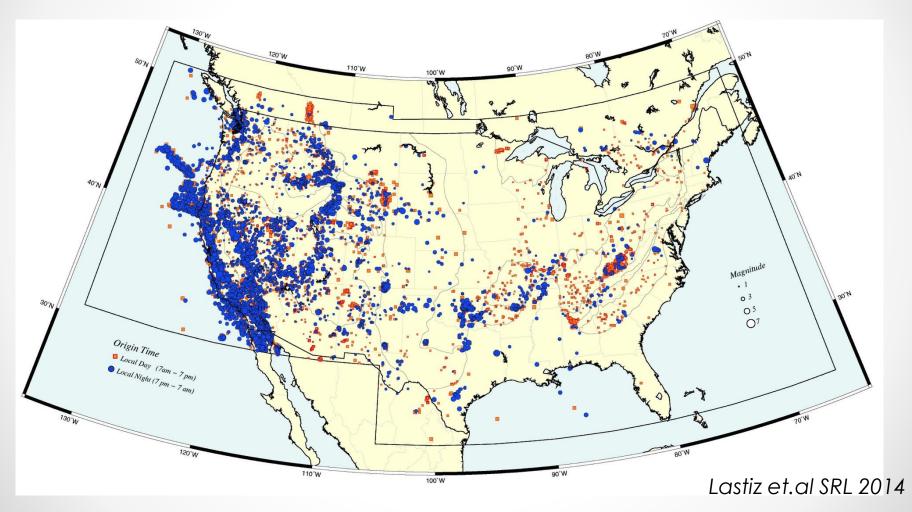
Transportable Array (TA) - 10 year Experiment







US Earthquakes Recorded by TA



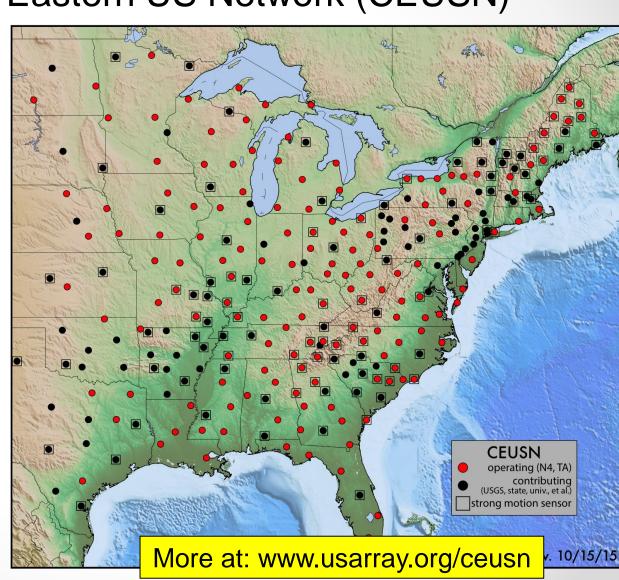
April 2004 to November 2013





Central and Eastern US Network (CEUSN)

- Left 158 TA seismic stations for:
 - Research
 - Hazards assessment
 - Critical facilities
- Multi-agency collaboration
 - NSF
 - USGS
 - **US NRC**
 - DOE
- "Good government"
 - A unique opportunity to address multiple missions / needs







Seismological Data as National Asset

- A long-term, continuous archive that contributes to Fundamental and Innovative Research on how the Earth works, e.g. subduction zones, internal structure
- Provides the Framework for Understanding the Processes that cause Earthquakes.
- Used for monitoring the Location, Magnitude and Distribution of Earthquakes on local, regional and global scales
- Used for Tsunami Warning (NOAA) and Monitoring for Nuclear Explosions (CTBTO)
- Unexpected Applications (e.g. mine collapses, "ice quakes" associated with glacier movements, rock falls, episodic tremor and slip (ETS))





Thank you!

Founded in 1984 with support from the National Science Foundation, IRIS is a Consortium of more than 100 universities dedicated to the operation of scientific facilities and provision of services for the acquisition, management and distribution of seismological data. IRIS programs contribute to scholarly research, education, earthquake hazard mitigation, tsunami warning, and to the monitoring of underground nuclear tests. IRIS is a 501 (c) (3) nonprofit organization incorporated in the state of Delaware with its headquarters in Washington, DC.



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